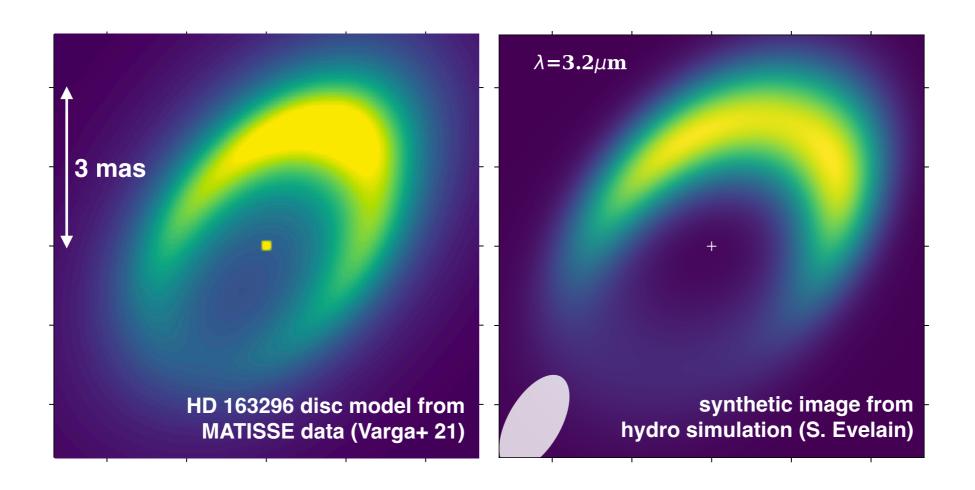
# Some aspects of the dynamics of (inner) protoplanetary discs

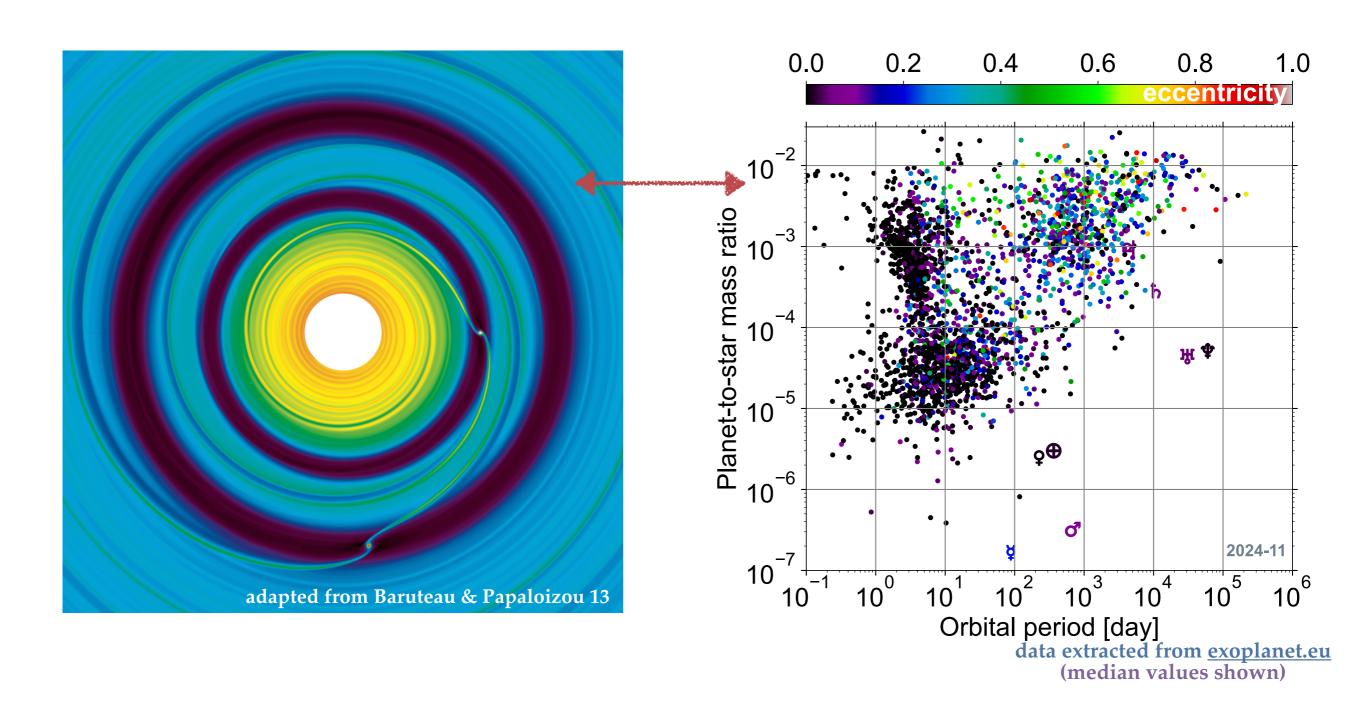
Clément Baruteau (CNRS/IRAP, Toulouse)



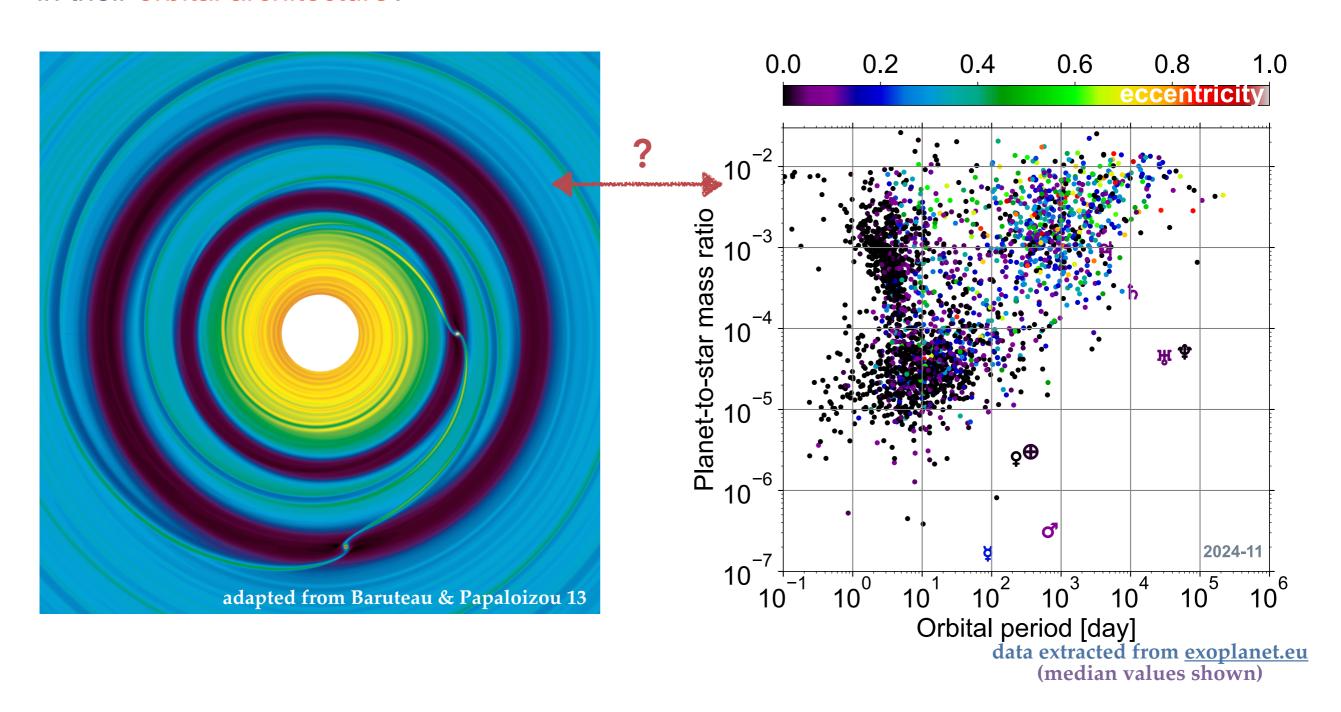
Siméo Evelain (IRAP, 1st year PhD), Héloïse Méheut (CNRS/Lagrange, Nice)



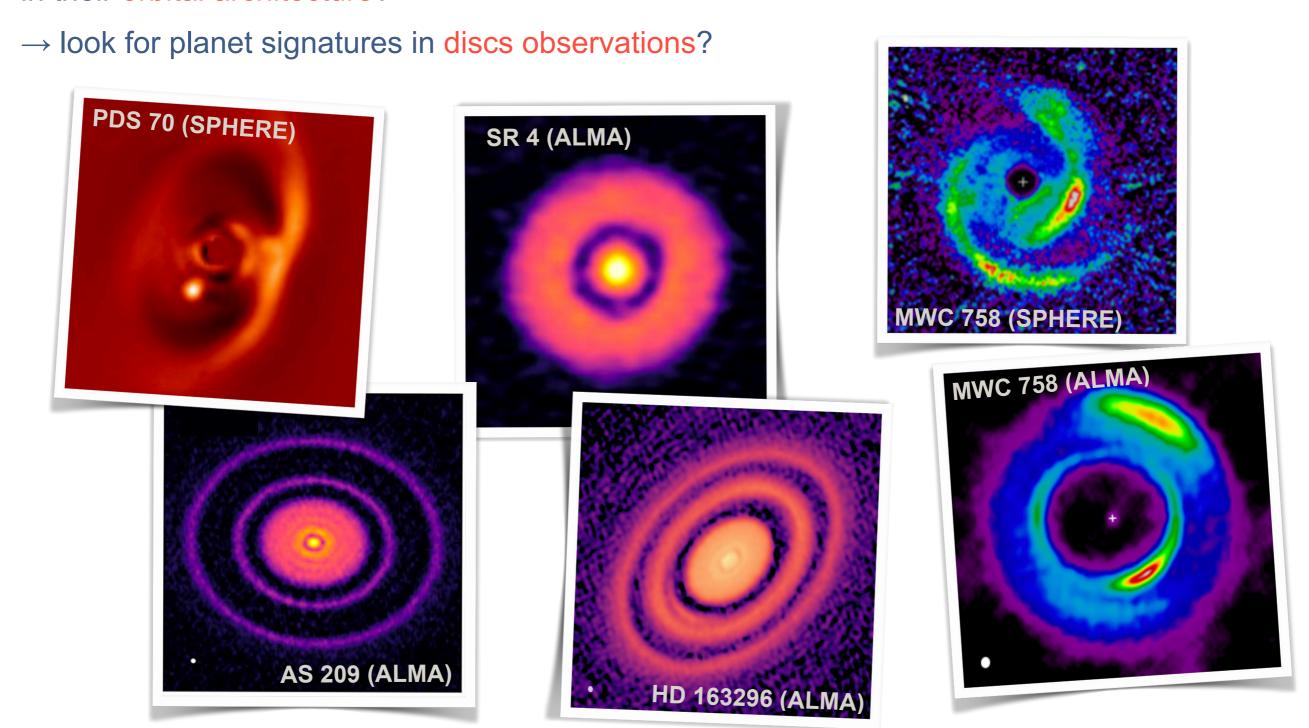
Can models of disc-planet interactions explain exoplanet demographics?



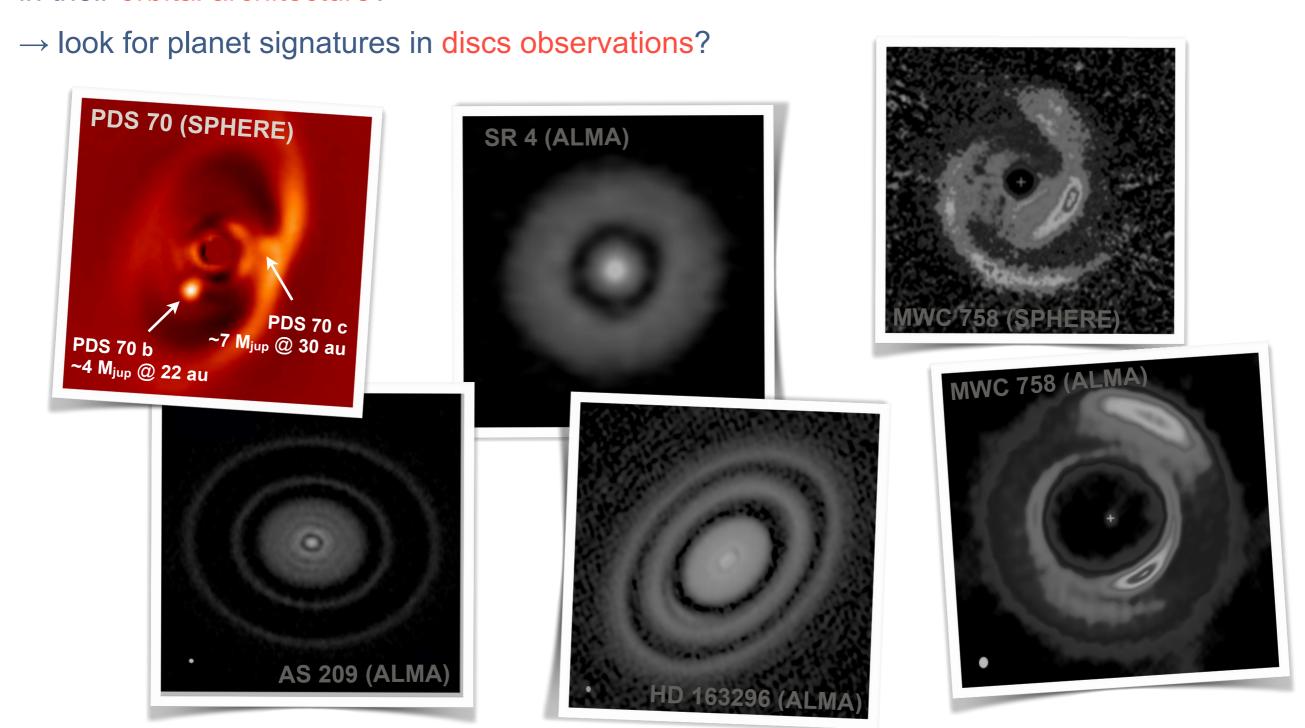
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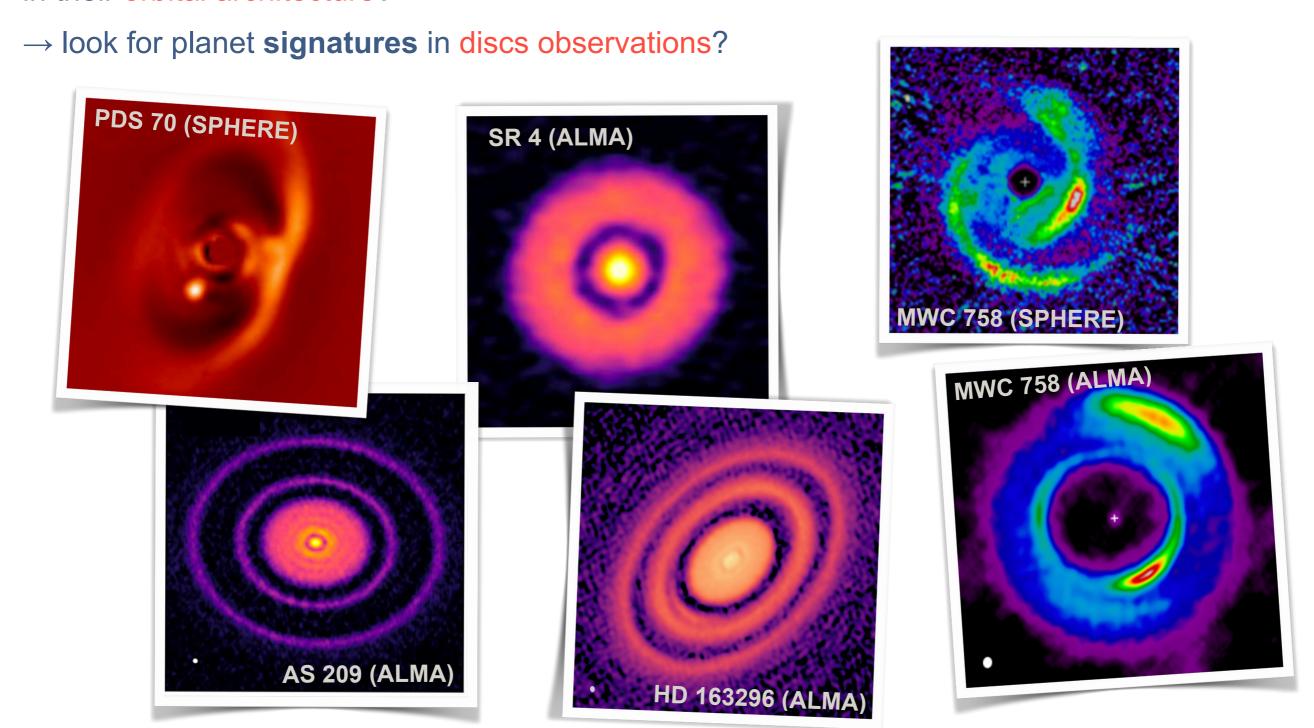
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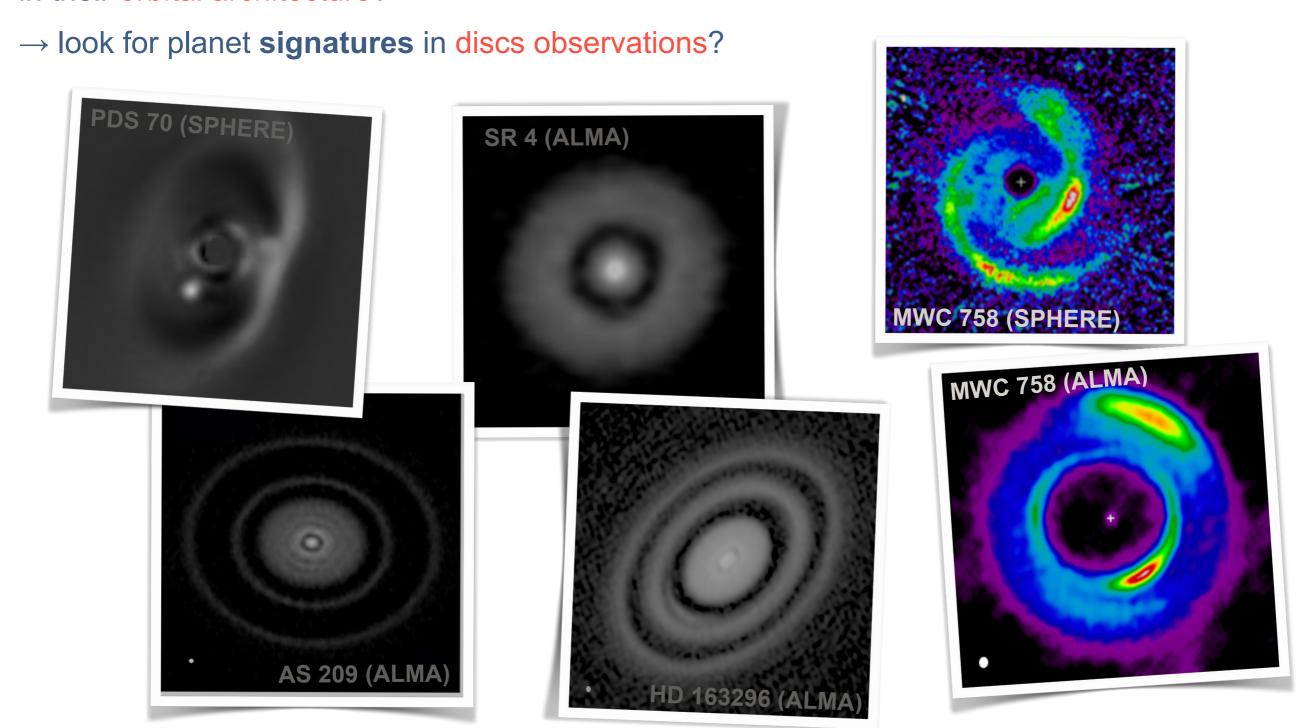
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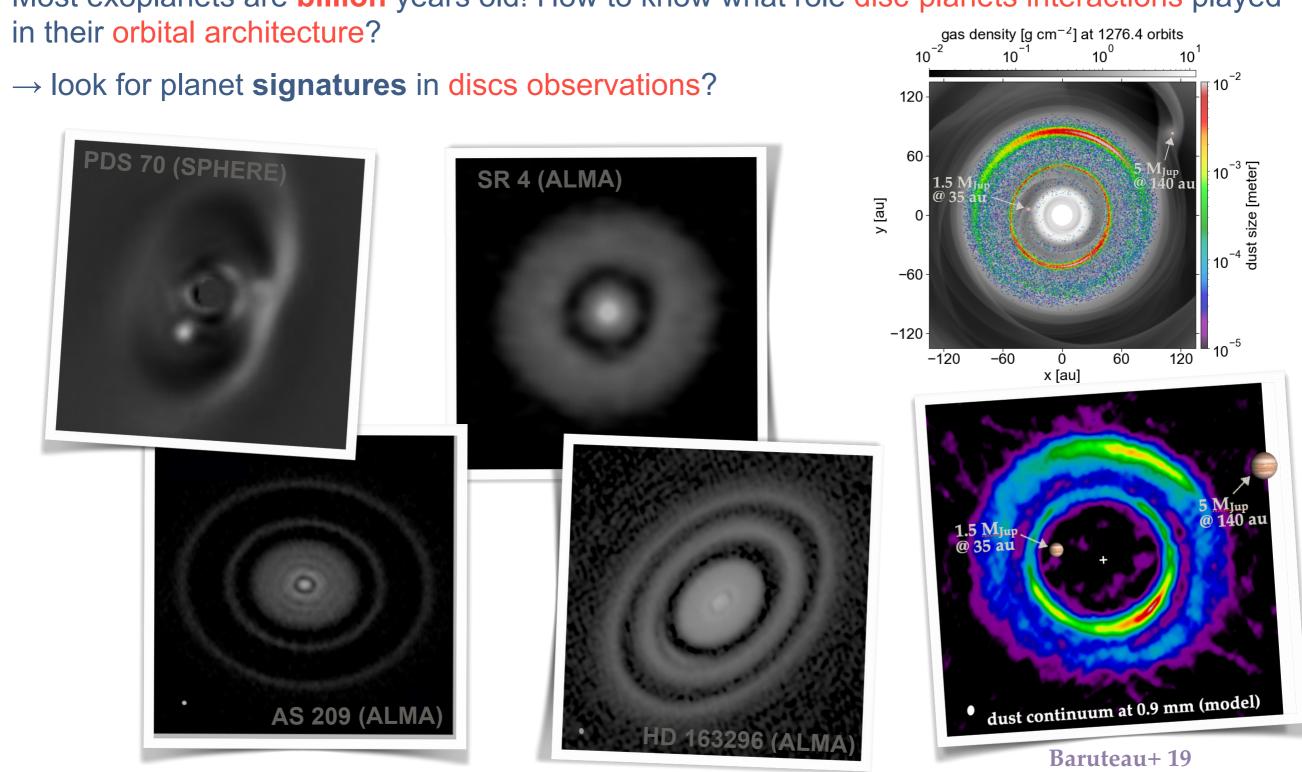


Can models of disc-planet interactions explain exoplanet demographics?



Can **models** of disc-planet interactions explain **exoplanet demographics**?

Most exoplanets are billion years old! How to know what role disc-planets interactions played



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Most exoplanets are **billion** years old! How to know what role disc-planets interactions played in their orbital architecture?

- → look for planet signatures in discs observations?
- → look for planets around young stars? a dozen so far <~20 Myr by transit and RV



• TW Hya:  $\sim 0.5 \,\mathrm{M_{jup}}$  candidate at  $\sim 8.3 \,\mathrm{days}$  ( $\sim 0.075 \,\mathrm{au}$ ) Donati+ 24

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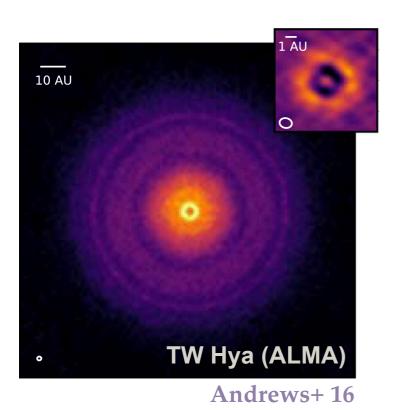


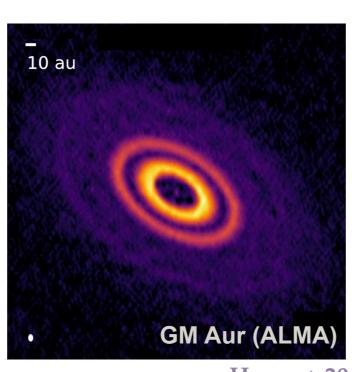
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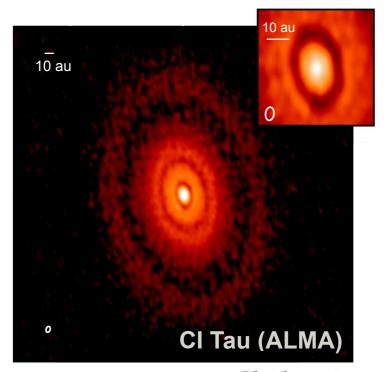
Donati+ 24

Zaire+ 24

Manick+ 24







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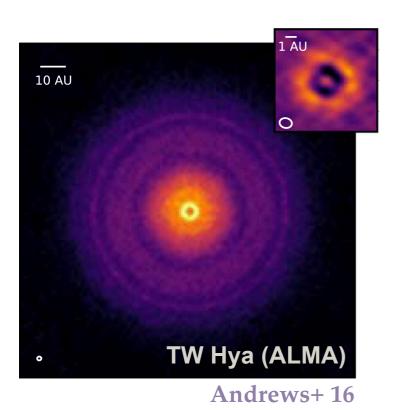


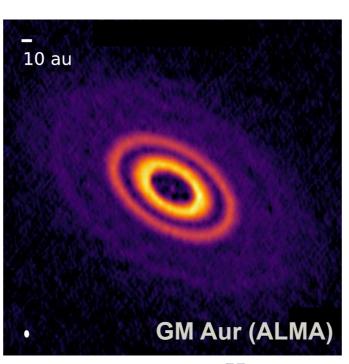
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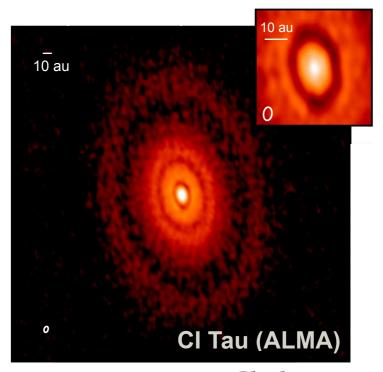
Donati+ 24

Zaire+ 24

Manick+ 24







Huang+ 20

Clarke+ 18

Can models of disc-planet interactions explain exoplanet demographics?

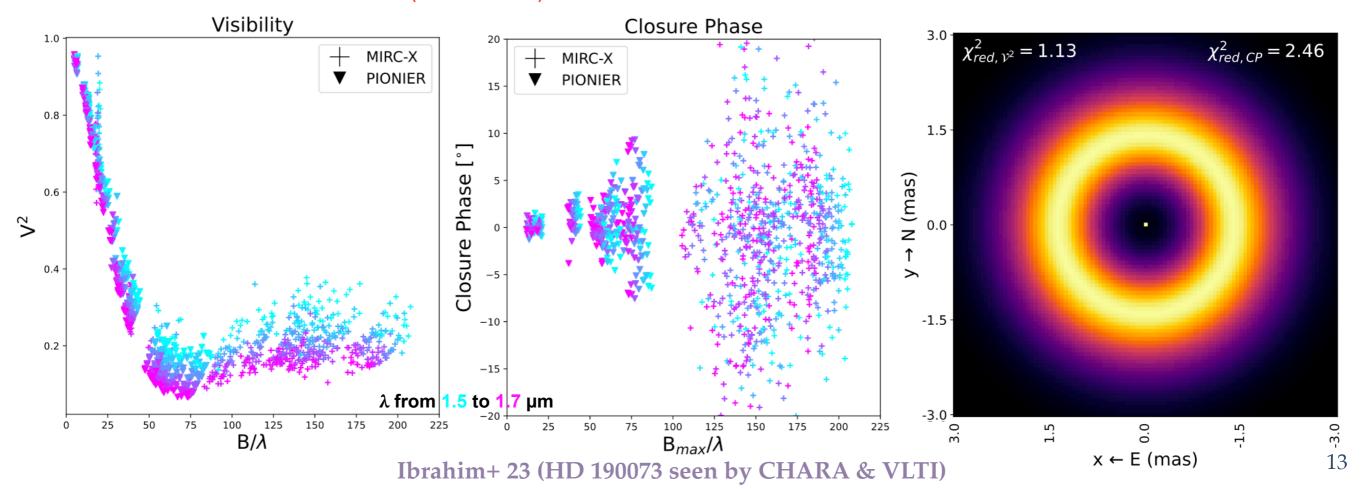
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NB: ~half of exoplanets orbit main-sequence stars in <~ 10 days!

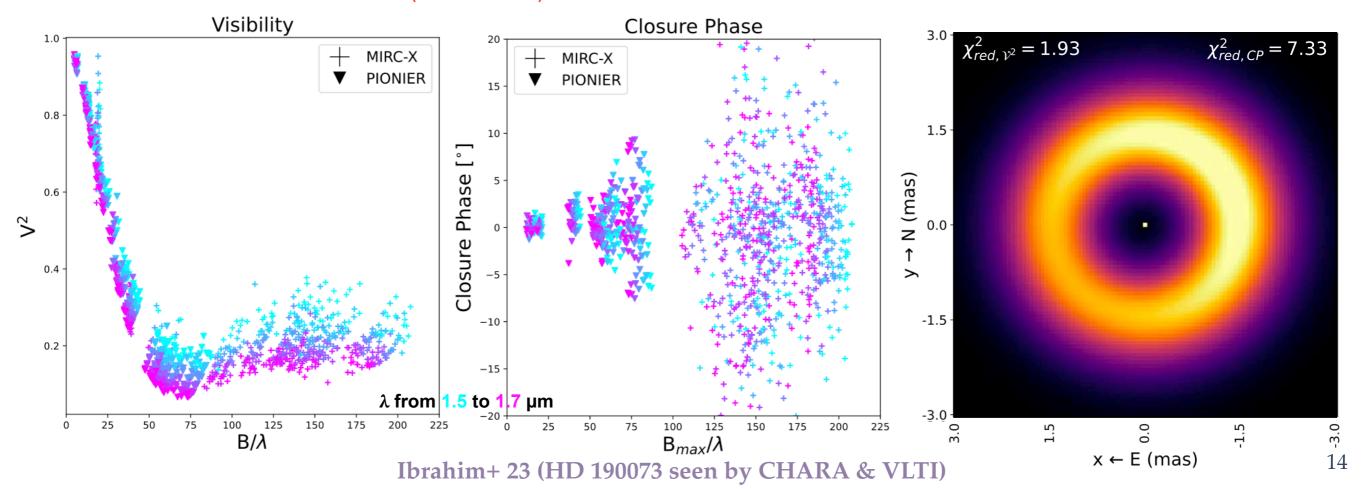
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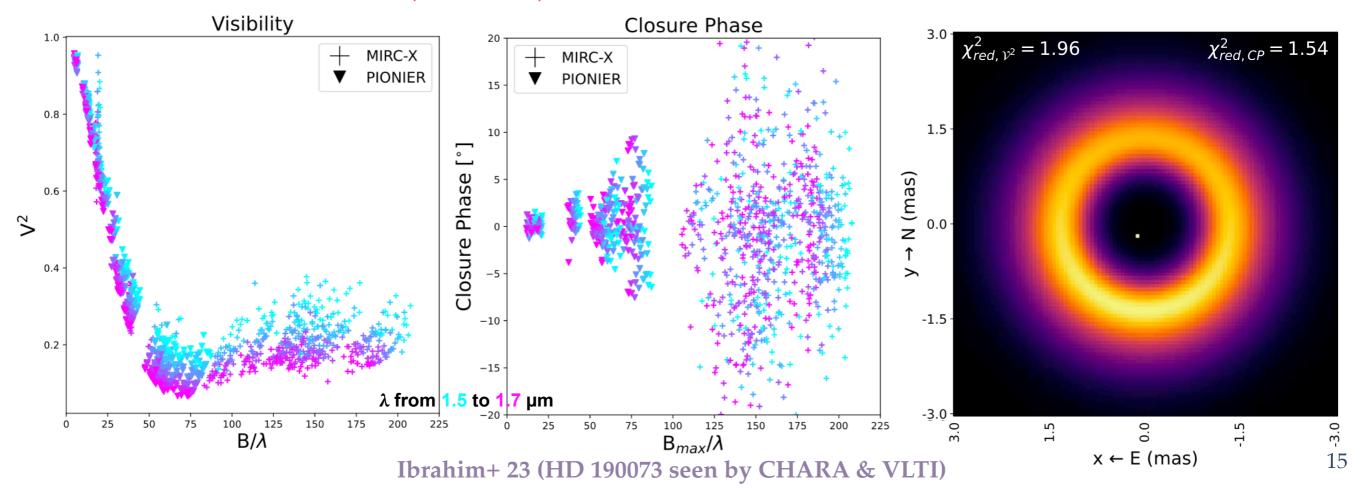
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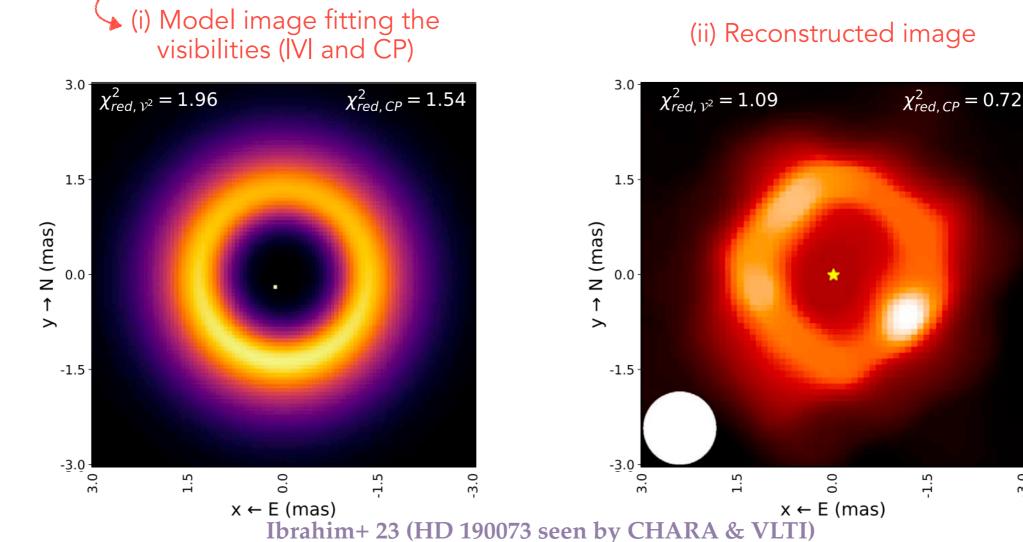
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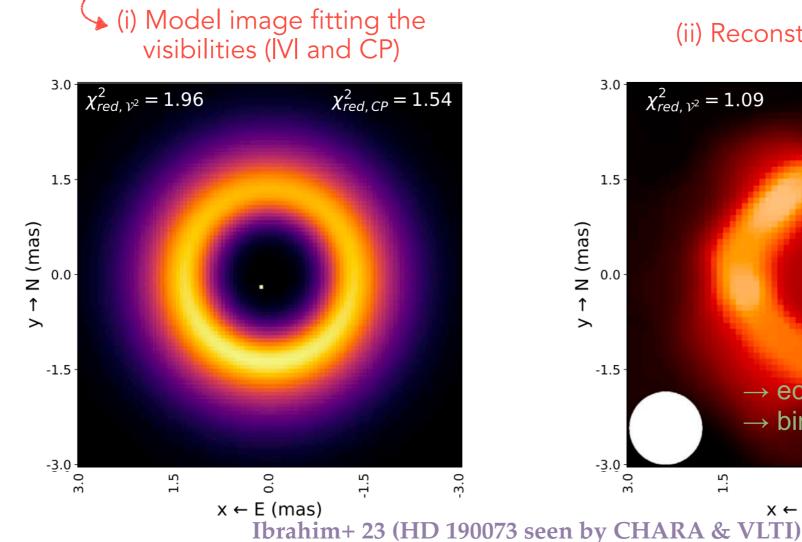
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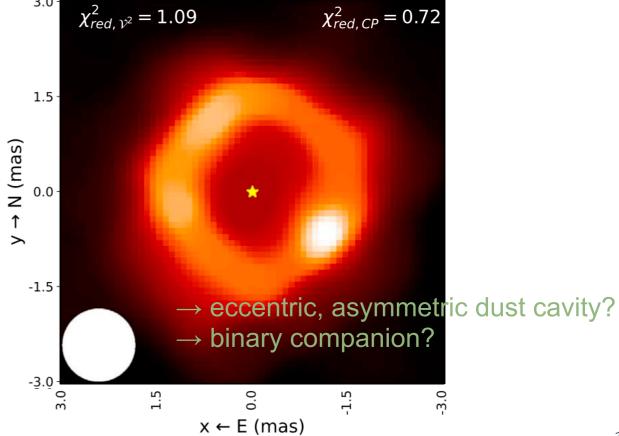
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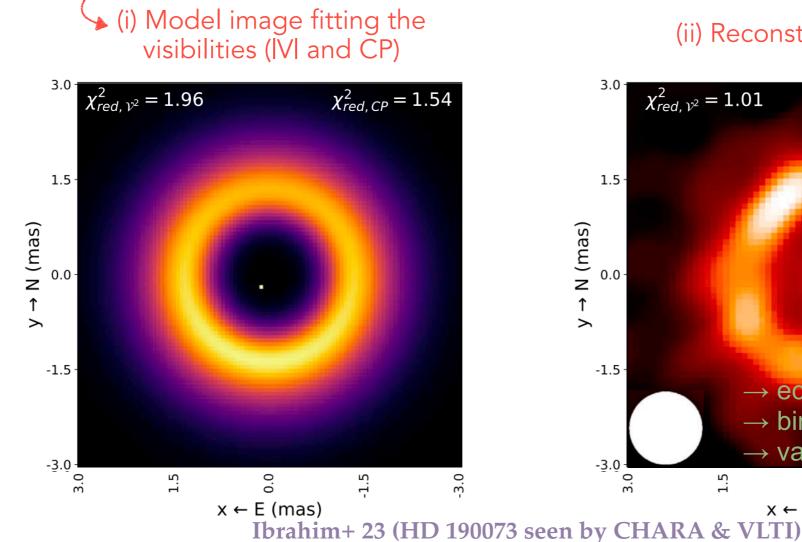
(ii) Reconstructed image



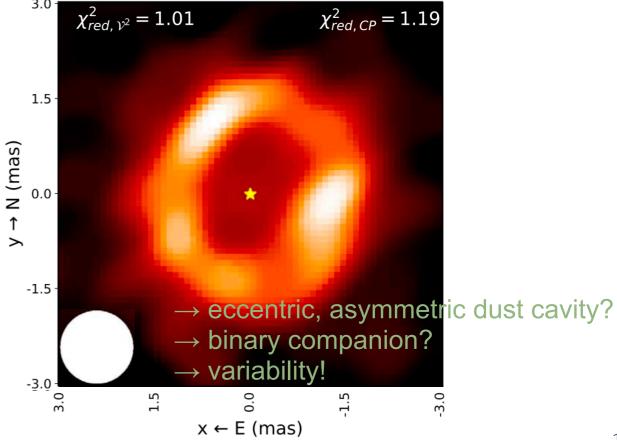
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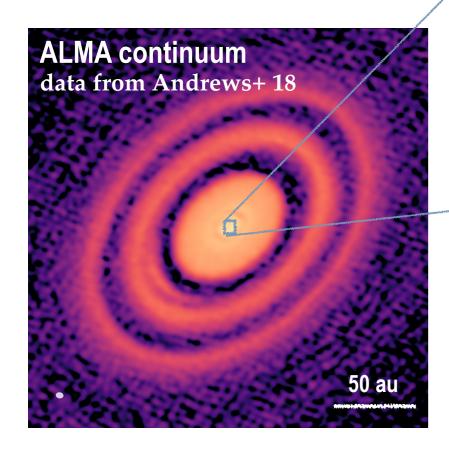
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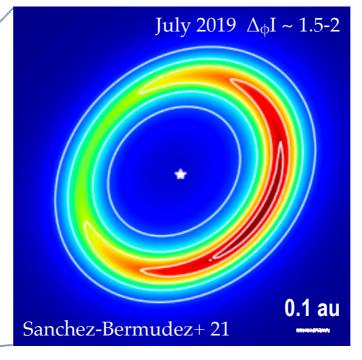


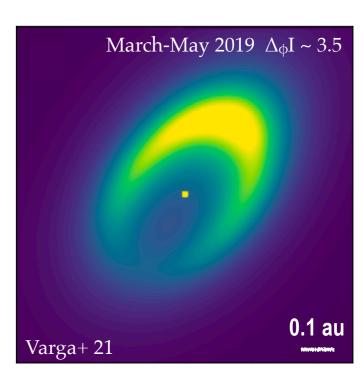
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• An asymmetric dust inner ring?

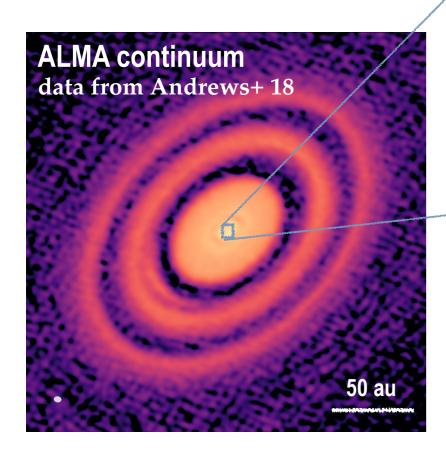


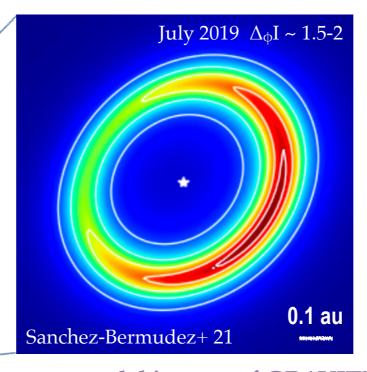


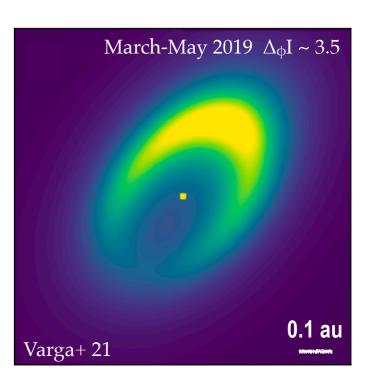


model images of GRAVITY (left) and MATISSE data (right) NB: orbital period at 0.3 au ~ 40 days

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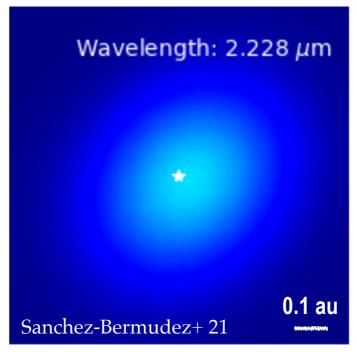


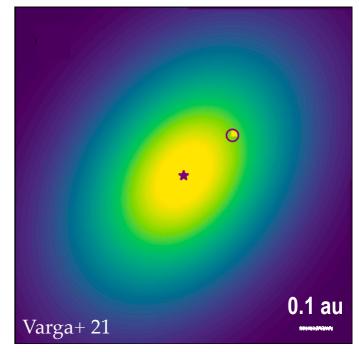




model images of GRAVITY (left) and MATISSE data (right) NB: orbital period at 0.3 au ~ 40 days

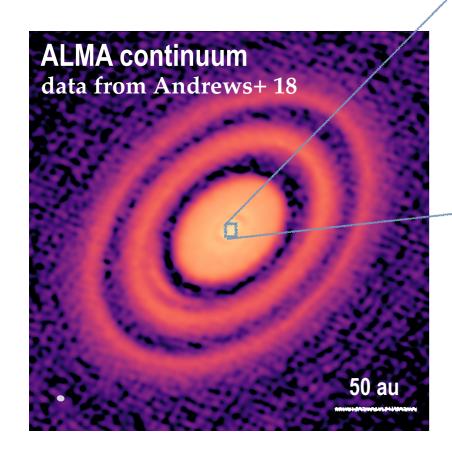


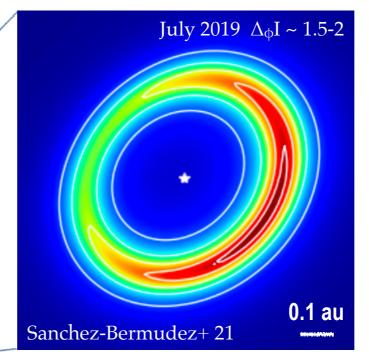


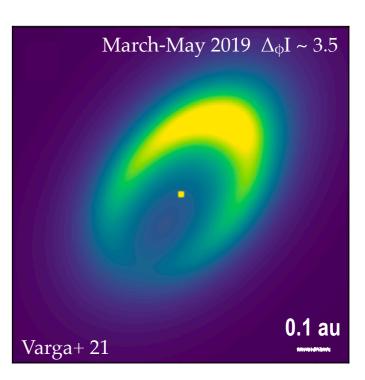


alternative model images of GRAVITY (left) and MATISSE data (right)

• An asymmetric dust inner ring?



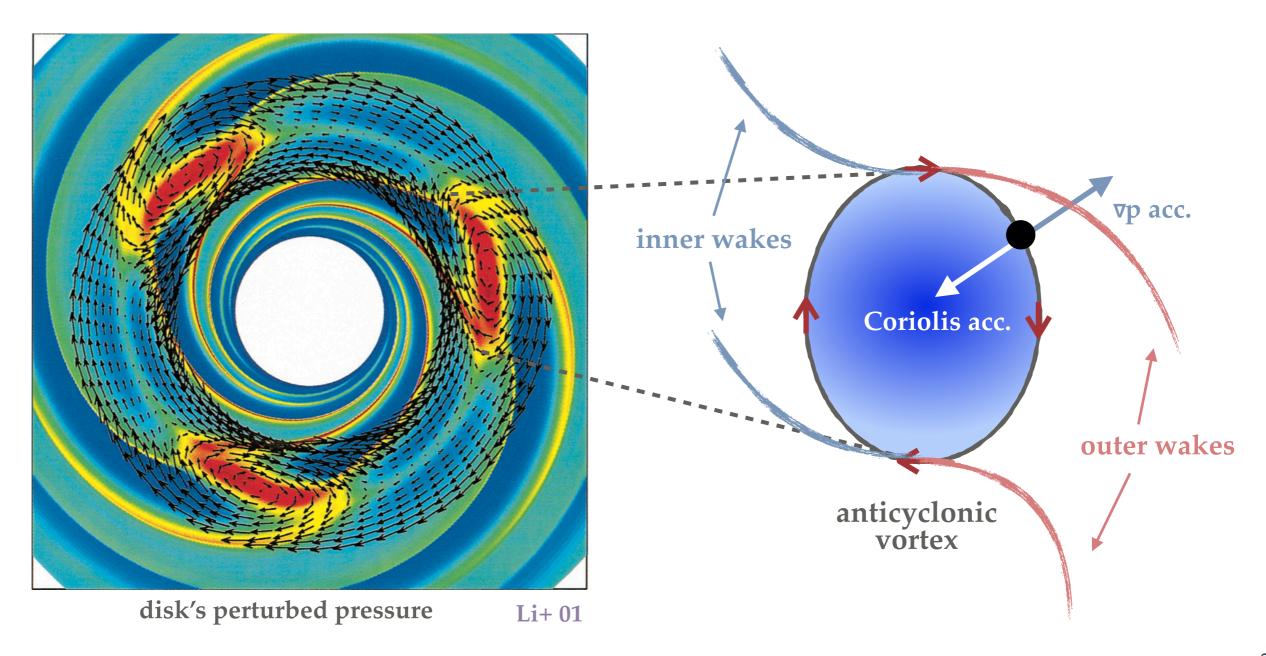




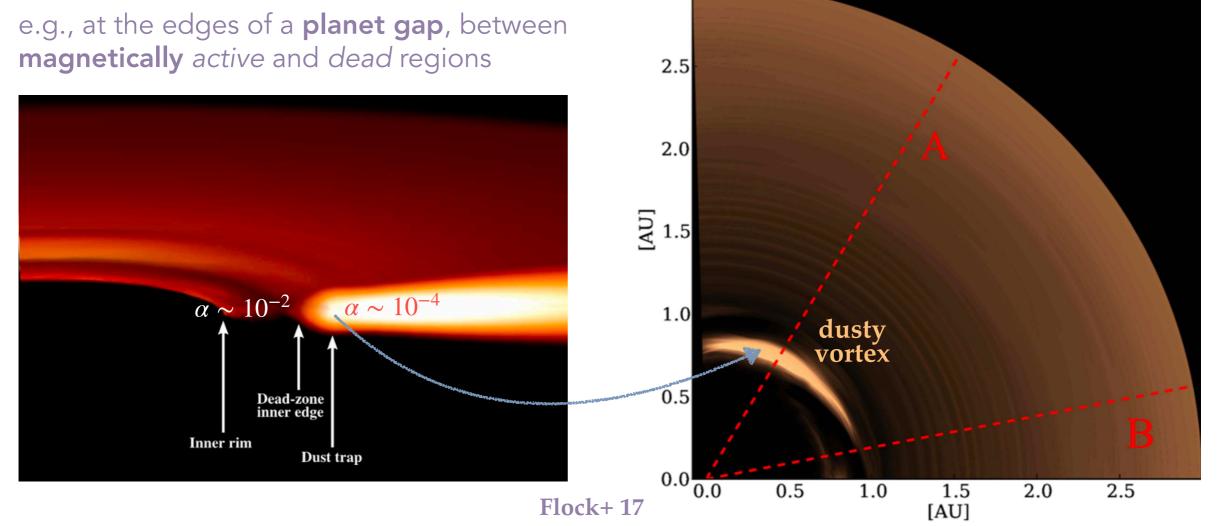
model images of GRAVITY (left) and MATISSE data (right) NB: orbital period at 0.3 au ~ 40 days

- $\rightarrow$  if dust emission is **optically thick** and not dominated by scattering,  $\Delta_{\phi}I\sim3.5$  at  $\lambda\sim3.2$   $\mu$ m implies  $\Delta_{\phi}T\sim1.4$  (e.g., T goes from 1000 K to 1400 K along the ring at R $\sim$ 0.3 au): plausible?
- → could emission be optically thin?

- An asymmetric dust inner ring?
- How? By the Rossby-Wave Instability (RWI)?
  - a **linear**, **non-axisymmetric** shear instability
  - saturates into few anticyclonic vortices that tend to merge over time and trap dust



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  - sufficient condition recently worked out for isentropic discs:  $0 < \min(\kappa^2/\Omega^2) \lesssim 1/2$ Chang & Youdin 24

• The original presentation then showed results that aren't published yet, so we decided to remove them from the online presentation!